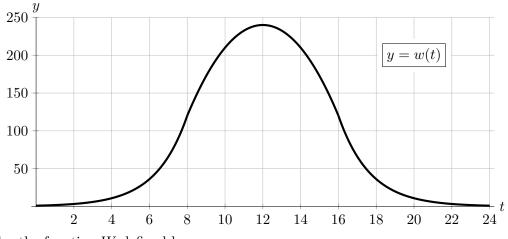
5. [10 points] Suppose that the function w(t) shown in the graph below models the power, in kilowatts, that is harvested at a particular solar panel installation in northern Norway at time t, where t is measured in hours after midnight on a typical summer day.



Consider the function W defined by

$$W(x) = \int_{2x}^{2x+4} w(t) \, dt.$$

Be sure to show your work very carefully on all parts of this problem.

a. [3 points] Estimate W(4). In the context of this problem, what are the units on W(4)? Solution: Note that W gives the area beneath the graph of w during a four-hour interval. In particular, $W(4) = \int_8^{12} w(t) dt$ is the area beneath the graph of w(t) between the hours of t = 8 and t = 12. Estimating this integral (or estimating the area geometrically) gives $W(4) \approx 800$. The units on W are kilowatt-hours.

Answer:
$$W(4) \approx \underline{\qquad 800}$$
 Units: kilowatt-hours

b. [4 points] Estimate W'(4). In the context of this problem, what are the units on W'(4)?

Solution: By the (first or second) Fundamental Theorem of Calculus together with the Chain Rule, we have

$$W'(x) = w(2x+4) \cdot (2) - w(2x) \cdot (2).$$

Substituting x = 4 gives

$$W'(4) = w(12) \cdot (2) - w(8) \cdot (2) = (240) \cdot (2) - (120) \cdot (2) = 240.$$

The units on W' are (kilowatts hours)/(hours)=kilowatts.

Answer:
$$W'(4) \approx \underline{\qquad 240}$$
 Units: kilowatts

c. [3 points] Estimate the value(s) of x at which W(x) attains its maximum value on the interval $0 \le x \le 8$. If there are no such values, explain why.

Solution: The function W(x) gives the area beneath the graph of w(t) during the fourhour interval between t = 2x and t = 2x + 4. By inspecting the graph, one sees that this area is largest between the hours of t = 10 and t = 14, corresponding to x = 5. That is, W(5) gives this maximal area, so W(x) attains its maximum value at x = 5.