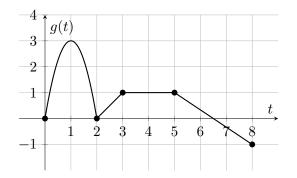
2. [14 points] Shirley is trying to measure the right amount of sugar into a bowl for 8 seconds. The function g(t) gives the rate (in cups/second) at which the amount of sugar in the bowl is changing t seconds after she starts measuring. The graph is linear on the intervals [2, 3], [3, 5], [5, 8], and quadratic on [0, 2] with formula $g(t) = 6t - 3t^2$:



Sketch a detailed graph of G(t), the antiderivative of g(t), giving the amount of sugar in the bowl at time t assuming there are 5 cups of sugar in the bowl after 3 seconds. Only graph G(t) on the interval [0,8]. Make sure to clearly label the output and input of the points at t = 0, 2, 3, 5, 8. Be sure to make it clear where the graph is concave up, concave down, or linear and where it is increasing or decreasing. Use **hand-drawn** axes similar to those given below.

