

1. [11 points] Let  $f(x)$  be a **twice-differentiable** function defined for all real numbers. Suppose that  $f$  also satisfies the following:

$$f(1) = -2, \quad f(3) = 4, \quad f(11) = 7,$$

$$\int_1^3 f(x) dx = 5, \quad \int_3^{11} f(x) dx = 14$$

Compute the exact value of the following quantities. If there is not enough information provided to answer the question, write “NEI” and clearly indicate why. Show all of your work.

- a. [3 points] The average value of  $f(x)$  on the interval  $[1, 11]$

*Solution:* The average value is

$$\frac{1}{11-1} \int_1^{11} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{10} \left( \int_1^3 f(x) dx + \int_3^{11} f(x) dx \right) = \frac{1}{10}(5 + 14) = 1.9.$$

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_ 1.9

- b. [4 points]  $\int_1^3 yf'(y) dy$

*Solution:* Integrating by parts, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \int_1^3 yf'(y) dy &= yf(y) \Big|_1^3 - \int_1^3 f(y) dy \\ &= 12 + 2 - 5 \\ &= 9. \end{aligned}$$

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_ 9

- c. [4 points]  $\int_1^3 xf(x^2 + 2) dx$

*Solution:* Using the substitution  $u = x^2 + 2$ , and remembering to change the bounds, we see:

$$\int_1^3 xf(x^2 + 2) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_3^{11} f(u) du = 7.$$

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_ 7