6. (20 points) The quantity $\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 + x)(b^2 + x)(c^2 + x)}}$ roughly models the resistance that

football-shaped plankton encounter when falling through water. Note that a = 1, b = 2, and c = 3 are constants that describe the dimensions of the plankton.

Find a value of *M* for which $\int_{1}^{M} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 + x)(b^2 + x)(c^2 + x)}}$ differs from the original model of

resistance by at most 0.001. *Hint*: make use of the integral $\int_{M}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 + x)(b^2 + x)(c^2 + x)}}$ and

the comparison test.

We want
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 + x)(b^2 + x)(c^2 + x)}} - \int_{1}^{M} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 + x)(b^2 + x)(c^2 + x)}}$$
$$= \int_{M}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 + x)(b^2 + x)(c^2 + x)}} < 0.001$$

We observe that $\int_{M}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 + x)(b^2 + x)(c^2 + x)}} < \int_{M}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(x)(x)(x)}} = \int_{M}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$ since a^2 , b^2 , and c^2 are

all positive constants. So if $\int_{M}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx < 0.001$ then $\int_{M}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 + x)(b^2 + x)(c^2 + x)}} < 0.001$.

Convert to a proper integral and solve:

$$\lim_{b \to \infty} \int_{M}^{b} x^{-\frac{3}{2}} dx = \lim_{b \to \infty} -2x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \Big|_{M}^{b} = \lim_{b \to \infty} \left(\frac{-2}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{M}} \right) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{M}} < 0.001$$

Algebra yields $M > \left(\frac{2}{0.001} \right)^{2} = 4,000,000$