**7.** [10 points] Consider the function F defined for all x by the formula

$$F(x) = \int_{7}^{x^2} e^{-t^2} dt.$$

- **a**. [1 point] Find a number  $a \ge 0$  so that F(a) = 0.
- **b**. [4 points]
  - (i) Calculate F'(x). Your answer should not contain any integrals.

(ii) Is F(x) increasing on the entire interval [1,8]? Why or why not?

c. [3 points] Write out each term of a MID(3) estimate of F(5). (You do **not** need to find or approximate the numerical value of your answer.)

**d**. [2 points] Is your answer to part (c) an overestimate or underestimate of F(5)? Briefly explain your reasoning.