

1. [15 points] Consider the differentiable function $f(x)$ defined for $x \geq 0$ by

$$f(x) = 2 \ln(4x + e).$$

- a. [3 points] Which of the following functions are antiderivatives of $f(x)$? Circle **all** that apply.

i. $\frac{1}{2}(\ln(4x + e))^2$ iii. $\int_0^1 2 \ln(4x + e) dx$ v. $\frac{1}{2} \int_1^{4x+e} \ln(s) ds$

ii. $\frac{1}{2}(4x + e) \ln(4x + e) - 2x$ iv. $1 + \int_0^x 2 \ln(4t + e) dt$ vi. None of these

- b. [2 points] Suppose that $F(x)$ is an antiderivative of $f(x)$. Which of the following quantities **must** be equal to the average value of the function $f(x)$ on the interval $[2, 10]$? Circle **all** that apply.

i. $\frac{F(10) - F(2)}{8}$ ii. $\frac{1}{8} \int_2^{10} f(x) dx$ iii. $\frac{1}{8} \int_2^{10} f'(x) dx$ iv. $\frac{f(10) - f(2)}{8}$

- c. [4 points] Set up, but do not evaluate, a definite integral that represents the arclength of the curve $f(x)$ between $x = 0$ and $x = 8$. Your answer should **not** involve the letter f .

Answer: _____

- d. [3 points] Approximate the integral $\int_0^8 f(x) dx$ using MID(4). Write out all the terms in your sum. You do not need to simplify, but your final answer should **not** involve the letter f .

Answer: _____

- e. [3 points] Is your answer to part **d.** an overestimate or underestimate to $\int_0^8 f(x) dx$? Briefly explain your reasoning.