

6. [12 points] Recall that the Great Pyramid of Giza was (originally) approximately 480 ft high, with a square base approximately 760 ft to a side. The pyramid was made of close to 2.4 million limestone blocks, and has several chambers and halls that extended into its center. It is not too far from the truth to suppose that these open areas are located along the vertical centerline of the pyramid, and that we can therefore think of the density of the pyramid varying only along its vertical dimension. Suppose that the result is that the density of the pyramid is approximately  $\delta(h) = (0.00011(h - 240)^2 + 134.2)$  lb/ft<sup>3</sup>, where  $h$  is the height measured up from the base of the pyramid.
- (a) [6 points of 12] Set up an integral to find the weight  $W$  of the pyramid. You need not evaluate the integral to find the actual weight.

- (b) [6 points of 12] Give an expression, in terms of integral(s), that tells how far off the ground the center of mass of the pyramid is. Again, you need not evaluate the integral(s). (*Note that you may set up the expression in terms of the weight density without worrying about converting it to a mass density.*)