**2**. [9 points] Note: "Closed form" here means that the expression should NOT include sigma notation or ellipses (...) and should NOT be recursive.

Michel is studying how the mass of a certain collection of bacterial cells behaves in the presence of a parasite. He notices that from noon to midnight of each day, the parasite eats 60% of the mass of the bacterial cells. Then the parasite sleeps until noon the next day. While the parasite sleeps, the remaining 40% of the collection of bacterial cells doubles in mass.

At noon on the first day, the mass of the collection of bacterial cells is 100 grams.

**a**. [3 points] Let  $X_n$  be the mass, in grams, of bacterial cells present at noon on day n. Note that  $X_1 = 100$ . Calculate  $X_2$  and  $X_3$ , and find a closed form expression for  $X_n$ .

**Answer:**  $X_2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_ and  $X_3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

## Answer: $X_n =$ \_\_\_\_\_

**b.** [4 points] Let  $K_n$  be the <u>total</u> mass, in grams, of bacterial cells that the parasite has consumed in the first *n* days. For example, on day 1 the parasite consumes 60% of 100 grams, which is 60 grams, so  $K_1 = 60$ . Calculate  $K_2$  and  $K_3$ , and find a closed form expression for  $K_n$ .

**Answer:**  $K_2 = \_$  and  $K_3 = \_$ 

Answer:  $K_n =$ \_\_\_\_\_

**c**. [2 points] If this continued forever, how many grams of bacterial cells would the parasite eventually eat?