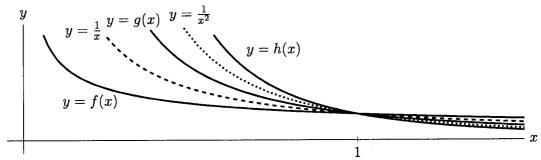
- 3. [9 points] For each of the questions on this page you must circle exactly one choice to receive any credit. No credit will be awarded for unclear markings and no justification is necessary.
 - a. [3 points] The functions shown below are continuous on the interval (0, 2) and have a vertical asymptote at x=0. The only point of intersection between the graphs of any of the functions is at x = 1, where all 5 graphs intersect.

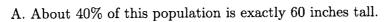


Determine whether the following integrals converge or diverge. If there is not enough information to determine convergence or divergence, circle "NOT ENOUGH INFO".

- $\int_{a}^{1} f(x) dx$
- A. Converges
- B. DIVERGES
- C. Not enough info

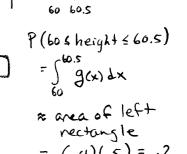
- $\int_{0}^{1} g(x) dx$ A. Converges
- B. DIVERGES
- C. Not enough info

- $\int_{0}^{1} h(x) dx$ A. Converges iii.
- B. Diverges
- C. Not enough info
- b. [3 points] Suppose g(x) is the probability density function for the height, in inches, of a certain population of people. Which of the following is the one best interpretation of the equation g(60) = 0.4?



- B. About 40% of this population is at most 60 inches tall.
- C. About 60% of this population is at most 60 inches tall.
- D. About 40% of this population is between 60 and 60.4 inches tall.

- F. About 60% of this population is between 60 and 61 inches tall.
- $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{-1}{1+2n} x^n.$ c. [3 points] Consider the power series



For each of the values of x below, does the power series converge or diverge?

- i. At x = 1, the power series
- A. Converges
- B. DIVERGES

- ii. At x = 0, the power series
- A. Converges
- B. DIVERGES

- iii. At x = -2, the power series
- A. Converges
- B. Diverges