- 1. [11 points] Parts a. and b. are unrelated. You do not need to justify your answers.
 - **a.** [8 points] Consider the following sequences, defined for all $n \geq 1$.

$$a_n = 3(0.999)^n$$

$$b_n = \sum_{k=1}^n 3(0.999)^k$$

$$c_n = \int_1^n 3 - \frac{1}{x} \, dx$$

$$d_n = \cos(\pi n)$$

For each of the following, circle all sequences that satisfy the given property.

(i) Which sequences are bounded?

 a_n

 b_n

 c_n

 d_n

(ii) Which sequences are increasing?

 a_n

 b_n

 c_n

 d_n

(iii) Which sequences are decreasing?

 a_n

 b_n

 c_n

 d_n

(iv) Which sequences converge?

 a_n

 b_n

 c_n

 d_n

b. [3 points] Write out the first 3 terms of the power series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(5x)^{2n}}{n^p}$, where p is a positive constant.

Answer:

 $(5x)^2, \frac{(5x)^4}{2^p}, \frac{(5x)^6}{3^p}$