

1. [12 points] The parts of this problem are unrelated. You do not need to justify your answers.
- a. [6 points] For each of the following sequences, defined for  $n \geq 1$ , decide if it is bounded, if it is increasing or decreasing, and whether it converges, and circle your answers. If it converges, find the limit.

i.  $b_n = \frac{2n + e^{-n}}{5n}$                       **Bounded**                      **Increasing**                      **Decreasing**

**Diverges**                      **Converges to** \_\_\_\_\_

ii.  $c_n = \sin(n)$                       **Bounded**                      **Increasing**                      **Decreasing**

**Diverges**                      **Converges to** \_\_\_\_\_

iii.  $d_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{3}{k}$                       **Bounded**                      **Increasing**                      **Decreasing**

**Diverges**                      **Converges to** \_\_\_\_\_

- b. [3 points] Write the following series using sigma notation:

$$2^3(x - e)^4 + 3^3(x - e)^6 + 4^3(x - e)^8 + \dots$$

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_

- c. [3 points] Suppose the power series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} C_n(x - 2)^n$  converges at  $x = 5$  and diverges at  $x = 9$ . Which of the following could be the radius of convergence  $R$ ? Circle all correct answers.

$R = 0$        $R = 2$        $R = 3$        $R = 4$        $R = 7$        $R = 8$        $R = 10$