6. [12 points] Below is the graph of a function f(x). The function f(x) is positive for x > 2. The x-axis is a horizontal asymptote of f(x) as  $x \to \infty$ . The dashed line is the tangent line to f(x) at x = 2, and its slope is  $\sqrt{7}$ .



**a**. [2 points] Compute 
$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{f(x)}$$
.  
(*Hint:* Recall that  $\lim_{z \to \infty} \tan^{-1} z = \frac{\pi}{2}$  and  $\lim_{z \to -\infty} \tan^{-1} z = -\frac{\pi}{2}$ .)

**b.** [3 points] Compute 
$$\lim_{x \to 2^-} \frac{f(x)}{e^x - e^2}$$
.

c. [7 points] **Compute** the value of the following improper integral if it converges. If it does not converge, use a **direct computation** of the integral to show its divergence. Be sure to show your full computation, and be sure to use **proper notation**.

$$\int_{3}^{\infty} \frac{f'(x)}{(f(x))^{2/3}} \, dx$$