1. (6 points) Which of the following differential equations has the slope field given in the figure? (Circle the letter of each correct answer.)

a.
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x}{1+x^2}$$
 b. $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-y^2}$ **c**. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x^2}{1+x^4}$

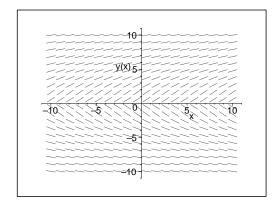
$$\mathbf{b}. \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-y^2}$$

$$\mathbf{c.} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x^2}{1+x^4}$$

d.
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2y}{1+y^2}$$
 e. $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-x^2}$ **f.** $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2y^2}{1+y^4}$

$$\mathbf{e}. \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-x^2}$$

$$\mathbf{f.} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2y^2}{1+y^4}$$



- 2. (8 points) Circle "True" or "False" for each of the following statements. No explanation is necessary. (Remember that "True" means the statement is always true.)
- (a) The function y(t) = 0 is an equilibrium solution of the differential equation dy/dt = y + t.

There is no constant y_0 such that dy/dt - y + t = 0 for $y = y_0$ and all t, so there is no equilibrium solution of the equation.

(b) If P(t) is a solution of the logistic differential equation, dP/dt = .5P(200 - P), then so is the function 2P(t).

The constant function P(t) = 200 is a solution of the equation, but 2P(t) is not.