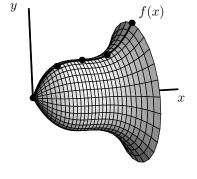
- 1. [11 points] Consider the shape shown to the right. The function shown as a dark curve is f(x). The points on the curve are the points (0, f(0)), (0.5, f(0.5)), (1, f(1)), (1.5, f(1.5)), and (2, f(2)).
  - (a) [4 points of 11] Draw a slice, below, that you might use to find the total volume enclosed by the shape if you were to be doing this by integration. Label in your figure x, f(x),  $\Delta x$ , and any other relevant quantities.



We are given the function f(x), which provides the radius of circular cross-sections of the object shown. Thus we slice vertically, getting slices that are disks, as shown in the figure below.



- f(x)  $\Delta x$
- (b) [2 points of 11] Write an integral giving the volume of the shape.

## Solution:

The volume of the slice is  $\Delta V = \pi (f(x))^2 \Delta x$ , so that, letting  $\Delta x$  go to zero, we can sum all such slices with an integral. The resulting volume is  $V = \int_0^2 \pi (f(x))^2 dx$ .

(c) [5 points of 11] If the points shown in the figure are, in order from left to right, (0,0), (0.5,0.875), (1,1), (1.5,1.125) and (2,2), estimate the volume using the trapezoid method.

## Solution:

Left- and right-hand sums for the volume are

Left = 
$$(0.5)(\pi(0)^2 + \pi(0.875)^2 + \pi(1)^2 + \pi(1.125)^2) \approx 4.761$$
  
Right =  $(0.5)(\pi(0.875)^2 + \pi(1)^2 + \pi(1.125)^2 + \pi(2)^2) \approx 11.04$ 

Then the trapezoid method gives  $\text{Trap} = \frac{1}{2}(4.761 + 11.04) = 7.90.$