

4. [11 points] A tank initially has 27 m^3 of water. At $t = 0$ (t in minutes), a pump takes water out of the tank. Let $V(t)$ be the volume of water (in m^3) in the tank t minutes after the pump was activated. Suppose the function $V(t)$ satisfies the differential equation

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = kV^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

where k is a constant.

- a. [2 points] Is k positive or negative? What are the units of k ?

Solution: $k < 0$, units are $\frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{min}}$

- b. [7 points] Find a formula for $V(t)$. Your formula must contain only the constant k and the variable t .

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dV}{dt} &= kV^{\frac{1}{3}} \\ \int V^{-\frac{1}{3}} dV &= \int k dt \\ \frac{3}{2} V^{\frac{2}{3}} &= kt + C \\ V &= \left(\frac{2}{3} kt + C \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \\ 27 = V(0) = C^{\frac{3}{2}} &\Rightarrow C = 27^{\frac{2}{3}} = 9 \\ V(t) &= \left(\frac{2}{3} kt + 9 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\end{aligned}$$

- c. [2 points] How long does it take for the tank to empty? Your answer may contain the constant k .

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}0 = V(t) &= \left(\frac{2}{3} kt + 9 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \\ 0 &= \frac{2}{3} kt + 9 \\ t &= -\frac{27}{2k}\end{aligned}$$