

1. [8 points] Consider the differential equation and initial condition

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = At - y, \quad y(0) = 5,$$

where  $A > 0$  is a constant. This differential equation is not separable, but it is still possible to solve it using the following steps.

- a. [5 points] Let  $w(t) = \frac{dy}{dt}$ . If you differentiate both sides of the differential equation above with respect to  $t$ , you obtain that the function  $w(t)$  satisfies

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = A - w.$$

Find a general formula for  $w(t)$ , showing all work. Your answer may include  $A$ .

*Solution:*

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dw}{dt} &= A - w \\ \frac{dw}{A - w} &= dt \\ -\ln|A - w| &= t + C \\ w(t) &= A - Be^{-t} \end{aligned}$$

- b. [1 point] Given that  $\frac{dy}{dt} = At - y$  and  $y(0) = 5$ , what must be the value of  $w(0)$ ? Your answer may include  $A$ .

*Solution:*  $w(0) = \frac{dy}{dt}|_{t=0} = At - y(t)|_{t=0} = 0 - 5 = -5.$

- c. [2 points] Use the definition of  $w(t)$  to obtain a formula for  $y(t)$ . Your answer may include  $A$ .

*Solution:*

$$y(t) = \int A - Be^{-t} dx = At + Be^{-t} + C$$

or using the differential equation

$$y(t) = At - \frac{dy}{dt} = At - (A - Be^{-t}) = A(t - 1) + Be^{-t}.$$