1. [15 points] The table below gives several values of a twice differentiable function $f$ along with its derivative $f^{\prime}$ and continuous second derivative $f^{\prime \prime}$

| $x$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 1 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 6.7 |
| $f^{\prime}(x)$ | 2 | 0.7 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| $f^{\prime \prime}(x)$ | -1 | -1.4 | -0.5 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.7 | -0.7 |

Unless otherwise stated, you do not have to show work, but work shown might be considered for partial credit.
a. $[3$ points $]$ Find the value of $\int_{1}^{4} x f^{\prime \prime}(x) d x$.

Answer: $\int_{1}^{4} x f^{\prime \prime}(x) d x=$
b. [3 points] Let $H(x)=\int_{x}^{x^{2}+1} f^{\prime}(3 t) d t$. Compute $H^{\prime}(1)$.

Answer: $\quad H^{\prime}(1)=$
c. [3 points] Use $\operatorname{TRAP}(3)$ to approximate $\int_{0}^{6} f(x) d x$. Write out each term in your sum.

Answer: $\int_{0}^{6} f(x) d x \approx$ $\qquad$
d. [3 points] Find the 2nd degree Taylor polynomial $P_{2}(x)$ for $f(x)$ centered at $x=3$.

Answer: $\quad P_{2}(x)=$ $\qquad$
e. [3 points] Use your answer to part (d) to approximate $\int_{0}^{6} f(x) d x$.

Answer: $\int_{0}^{6} f(x) d x \approx$ $\qquad$

