8. [6 points] Suppose

$$F(x) = \int_{3}^{2x} (e^{5t^2} - 2) dt.$$

Find all x-values where the graph of y = F(x) has a horizontal tangent line, showing all of your work. You do not need to simplify your answer(s).

- 9. [9 points] For each part of this problem, write the CAPITAL LETTER corresponding to **ALL** answers that apply on your submission. You do not need to show your work.
 - a. [5 points] Suppose f(x) is a continuous function defined for $x \ge 1$ satisfying:
 - f(x) > 0 for all $x \ge 1$.
 - f(x) is decreasing on its domain.
 - $f(x) \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$

Which of the following MUST be true about f(x)?

- (A) $\int_{1}^{\infty} f(x) dx$ converges.
- (B) $\int_{\cdot}^{+\infty} (f(x))^2 dx$ converges.
- (C) $\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{f(x)}{x} dx$ converges. (D) $\int_{1}^{\infty} f(x) dx$ diverges.
- (E) None of the above.
- b. [4 points] Which of the following pairs of polar coordinates are the same point in the xy-plane as the point (x, y) = (-1, 1)?

 - $(\mathbf{A}) (r, \theta) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ $(\mathbf{B}) (r, \theta) = \left(1, \frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$ $(\mathbf{C}) (r, \theta) = \left(-\sqrt{2}, -\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ $(\mathbf{D}) (r, \theta) = \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{4}\right)$
 - (**E**) None of the above.