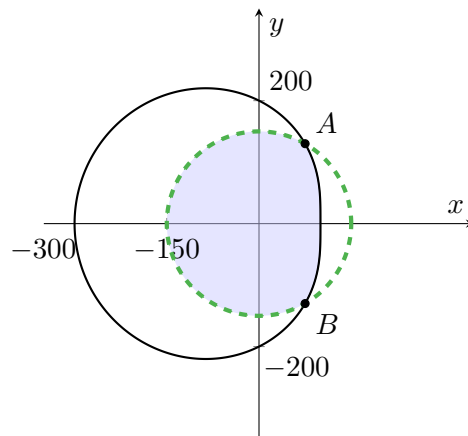


2. [15 points] With a crashing stork market, the infinite trumpet glitch, and the forestry expansion over-expanding, the video game *Vegetable Crossing* has a lot of issues. Maria designs a new island for the game, and on the island there is an area where players can grow acacia plants.

- The island is in the shape of the polar curve  $r = 200 - 100 \cos(\theta)$  where  $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$ . The outline of the island is the **solid black curve** plotted below.
- **The acacia-growing zone is shaded blue**, and it is formed by the section of the island inside a circle of radius 150 meters centered at the origin. The circle is the dashed green curve plotted below.
- All distances on the graph are in meters.



- a. [5 points] The points  $A$  and  $B$ , labeled above, are the intersection points of the polar curve  $r = 200 - 100 \cos(\theta)$  with the dashed green circle. Find points  $A$  and  $B$  **in polar coordinates**.

*Solution:* For the points of intersection,  $200 - 100 \cos(\theta) = 150$ , and so  $\cos(\theta) = \frac{1}{2}$ . This means we must have  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$  or  $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{3}$ . Therefore,  $A = (150, \frac{\pi}{3})$  and  $B = (150, \frac{5\pi}{3})$ .

- b. [5 points] Find an expression involving one or more integrals for the length, in meters, of the perimeter of the acacia-growing zone. Do not evaluate your integral(s).

*Solution:* Part of the perimeter, is an arc of the circle of radius 150. The arc length of the section which is within the island is two-thirds  $((\frac{5\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{3}) / (2\pi))$  of the circumference of the circle, and the circumference of the entire circle is  $300\pi$ , so the arc length of this section is  $200\pi$ .

For  $f(\theta) = 200 - 100 \cos(\theta)$ , we have  $f'(\theta) = 100 \sin(\theta)$ , and so the arc length of this section of the polar curve is given by

$$2 \int_0^{\pi/3} \sqrt{(200 - 100 \cos(\theta))^2 + (100 \sin(\theta))^2} d\theta$$

where we have used the symmetry of the region.

In total then, the length of the perimeter is

$$200\pi + 2 \int_0^{\pi/3} \sqrt{(200 - 100 \cos(\theta))^2 + (100 \sin(\theta))^2} d\theta.$$

- c. [5 points] Players are able to pave any part of the island **outside** of the acacia-growing zone, at a cost of 7 dubloons per square meter. Find an expression involving one or more integrals for the cost, in dubloons, of paving the entire area which lies outside of the acacia-growing zone. Do not evaluate your integral(s).

*Solution:* The area outside the acacia-growing zone can be thought of as the area of the sector of the island with  $\frac{\pi}{3} \leq \theta \leq \frac{5\pi}{3}$  with the area inside the circle in this sector subtracted. The area of this sector of the circle is again two-thirds of the area of the circle, which is equal to  $\frac{2}{3}\pi(150)^2$ , and so the total area of the acacia-growing zone is

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_{\pi/3}^{5\pi/3} (200 - 100 \cos(\theta))^2 d\theta - \frac{2}{3}\pi(150)^2.$$

This means that the cost, in dubloons, is

$$7 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int_{\pi/3}^{5\pi/3} (200 - 100 \cos(\theta))^2 d\theta - \frac{2}{3}\pi(150)^2 \right).$$