

4. [12 points] Katya and Miles are sailing in the ocean, which is represented by the xy -plane. Katya's position, t hours after 12:00pm, is given by

$$x = 3t, \quad y = \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right),$$

while Miles' position, t hours after 12:00pm, is given by

$$x = t^2 + 2, \quad y = \cos(\pi t) - 1.$$

In this problem, x and y have units in kilometers. All above equations are valid for $0 \leq t \leq 6$.

- a. [2 points] What is **Miles'** position at 3:00pm?

Solution: To find this, we plug $t = 3$ into the equations given for the x and y coordinates of Miles.

$$x = \underline{\quad 11 \quad} \quad y = \underline{\quad -2 \quad}$$

- b. [4 points] Will Katya and Miles ever collide during their journey? If so, at what time(s) will this occur? Justify your answer.

Solution: We first consider when their x -coordinates will be equal:

$$\begin{aligned} 3t &= t^2 + 2 \\ t^2 - 3t + 2 &= 0 \\ (t - 2)(t - 1) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

has solutions at $t = 1, 2$. We test their y -coordinates at each of these times. At $t = 1$, Katya's y -coordinate is 1, and Miles' is -2 , so they do not collide then. At $t = 2$, Katya's y -coordinate is 0, as is Miles'. Therefore they collide then.

The time(s) is/are **2**

- c. [3 points] What is the slope of the tangent line to **Katya's** path at $t = 4$?

Solution: We have $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy/dt}{dx/dt} = \frac{\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right)}{3}$, which at $t = 4$ evaluates to $\frac{\frac{\pi}{2}(1)}{3} = \frac{\pi}{6}$.

The slope is $\frac{\pi}{6}$.

- d. [3 points] Write an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the distance, in kilometers, **Miles** traveled between 1:00pm and 4:00pm. Do not evaluate your integral(s).

Solution: For this we use the parametric arc length formula $\int_1^4 \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2} dt$ with

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dx}{dt} &= 2t \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= -\pi \sin(\pi t).\end{aligned}$$

The distance is $\int_1^4 \sqrt{(2t)^2 + (\pi \sin(\pi t))^2} dt$