10. [9 points] The parts of this problem are unrelated. No justification is required for your answers.a. [3 points] Which of the following could be the value of a if

$$1 - \frac{4a^2}{2!} + \frac{16a^4}{4!} - \frac{(2a)^6}{6!} + \frac{(2a)^8}{8!} - \dots = \frac{1}{2}?$$

Circle **all** options which apply.



**b**. [3 points] A graph of a function y = f(x) is sketched below.



Suppose that for some constant b, the Taylor polynomial of degree 3 for f(x) around x = b is given by  $P_3(x) = 4 - (x - b) + 2(x - b)^2 - 3(x - b)^3$ . Which of the following could be the value of b? Circle **all** options which apply.

i.b=1iii.b=3v.b=5ii.b=2iv.b=4vi.b=6

c. [3 points] Which of the following is the Taylor series approximation around x = 0 to

$$\int_0^x e^{t^2} dt?$$

Circle the **one** best option.

i. 0 ii.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{2(n!)}$ ii.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n}}{n!}$ iii.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{t^{2n}}{n!}$ v.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{n!}$ vi.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{n!(2n+1)}$ 

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