

- **2**. [7 points] For  $n \ge 1$ , consider the following sequences
  - $a_n = (-1)^n + \frac{1}{n}.$
  - $b_n = 1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$ .
  - $c_n = \left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^n$ .
  - $s_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2}.$

Circle your answers. No justification is needed.

1.	Which sequences are bounded?	$a_n$	$b_n$	$c_n$	$s_n$	None.
2.	Which sequences are increasing?	$a_n$	$b_n$	$c_n$	$s_n$	None.
3.	Which sequences are convergent?	$a_n$	$b_n$	$c_n$	$s_n$	None.
Solution:						

- Solution:1. $a_n$  $b_n$  $s_n$ 2. $c_n$  $s_n$ 3. $b_n$  $s_n$