- 1. [12 points] Indicate whether each of the following statements are true or false by circling the correct answer. You do not need to justify your answers.
  - **a.** [2 points] The curve defined by the parametric equations  $x = 1 \cos t$  and  $y = t \sin t$  has a vertical tangent line when  $t = \pi$ .

True False

Solution:  $x'(\pi) = \sin \pi = 0$  and  $y'(\pi) = 1 - \cos(\pi) = 2$ , hence the curve has a vertical tangent at  $t = \pi$ .

**b.** [2 points] If the sequence  $a_n$  converges to 0 and  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$  converges, then  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n + b_n)$  converges.

True False

Solution: Let  $a_n = \frac{1}{n}$  and  $b_n = \frac{1}{n^2}$ , then  $\frac{1}{n}$  converges to 0 and  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$  converges, but  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}) \ge \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$  diverges.

c. [2 points] The graph of a polar function  $r = f(\theta)$  in the (x, y)-plane has a horizontal tangent line at  $\theta = a$  if f'(a) = 0.

True False

Solution: The graph of  $r = f(\theta) = \cos \theta$  satisfies  $f'(\pi) = -\sin \pi = 0$ , but it has no horizontal asymptote at  $\theta = \pi$ .

**d**. [2 points] The integral  $\int_0^1 \pi x^4 dx$  computes the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the graph of  $y = x^2$  around the x axis for  $0 \le x \le 1$ .

True False

Solution:  $V = \int_0^1 \pi(x^2)^2 dx = \int_0^1 \pi x^4 dx$ 

e. [2 points] Let  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2+1} x^n$  be the Taylor series of f(x) about 0. Then f(x) is concave up at x=0.

True False

Solution: The coefficient of  $x^2$  in the Taylor series is  $\frac{f''(0)}{2!} = \frac{1}{2^2+1} = \frac{1}{5} > 0$ . Hence f''(0) > 0 so f(x) is concave up.

**f.** [2 points] The integral test says that  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx$ .

True

False

Solution: The integral test only says  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$  behaves as  $\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx$ .