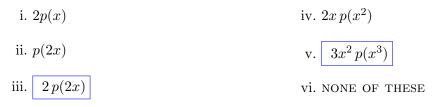
a. [2 points] Let p(x) be a probability density function (pdf). Then, which of the following functions must also be probability density function? Circle **all** options which apply.



b. [2 points] The cartesian coordinates of a point A are $(x, y) = (\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2})$. Which of the following represent the polar coordinates of point A? Circle **all** options which apply.

i.	$(r,\theta) = \left(\sqrt{2}, -\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$	iv. $(r, \theta) = \left(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
ii.	$(r,\theta) = \left(2, -\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$	v. $(r,\theta) = \left(-2,\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$
iii.	$(r,\theta) = \left(2, \frac{7\pi}{4}\right)$	vi. NONE OF THESE

c. [2 points] A power series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} C_n (x-a)^n$ converges at x = -4 and diverges at x = 2. Which of the following values could be the center, a, of the power series? Circle **all** options which apply.

- i. a = -2iv. a = 1ii. a = -1v. a = 2iii. a = 0vi. NONE OF THESE
- **d**. [2 points] At which of the following values of θ in $[0, \pi)$ does the curve $r = \cos(\theta)$ have a horizontal tangent line? Circle **all** options which apply.



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